



Global Partnership for Financial Inclusion

Second webinar of the G20 **Global Partnership for Financial Inclusion**

Action Plan for Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise Financing



Country Presentations



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Deputy Director for Banking and Payment Regulation Office, Japan Financial Services Agency

Enterprise Value Charge and Cash Flow Based Lending

Japan

Secured Transactions Law Reform - Background

UNCITRAL/World Bank Group

01

UNCITRAL Model Law on Secured Transactions (2016) Witted Nations

"Model Law is expected to have a beneficial impact on the availability and the cost of credit, in particular to small and medium-sized enterprises in developing countries. This will not only assist in their market inclusion and alleviating poverty, but also contribute to achieving Goal 1 of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals on ending poverty."

• World Bank Group Doing Business (2019) @world BANK GROUP DOING BUSINESS

- The strength of legal rights index includes:
 - "The law allows a business to grant a nonpossessory security right in substantially all its movable assets, without requiring a specific description of the collateral."
 - "A security right can be given over future and after-acquired assets, and extends automatically to the products, proceeds and replacements of the original assets."

*Japan was ranked 94th in 190 countries. (Getting Credit)

Research and Practice

- Benefits of Security Interest (not just "priority")
 - "Ex ante, by facilitating bonding and monitoring activity, security
 - Iowers the probability that the debtor will engage in wealth-reducing transactions, and helps to reduce the probability of default" and
 - permits creditors "to deter other creditors from engaging in a wasteful 'race to collect' when the debtor is in financial difficulty."
 - "Ex post, by facilitating efficient enforcement, it can increase the overall 'size of the pie' for distribution."

J. Armour, The Law and Economics Debate About Secured Lending: Lessons for European Lawmaking? European Company and Financial Law Review, Vol. 5(2008)

Secured by All Assets

Promote debt governance and cash flow lending to smaller younger, and riskier firms (e.g., MSME, M&A (LBO), Restructuring)

02

Japan

Japan's approach - Enterprise Value Charge (EVC)

Goals

01

02

03

- Develop (Future) Cash flow Lending Practices (w/o government guarantee):
 - Current practice is criticized as heavily dependent on real estate, balance sheet (past information) and government guarantee.
 - EVC is created to promote debt governance and (future) cash flow lending to smaller/younger/riskier firms.
- Prime Examples:
 - **<u>Startups</u>**: Venture debt
 - **M&A (LBO)**: Aging of MSME managers/shareholders
 - Restructuring: Post Covid-19

Core Features

- <u>Coverage</u>: Entirety of company assets, including real estates, intangibles and future cash flows. (Article 7)
 - <u>Perfection</u> and <u>Priority Order</u>: Debtor's commercial registry. Priority is by order of perfection. (Article 15&18)
 - <u>Enforcement Proceeding</u>: Trustees, appointed by the court, have the exclusive right to manage the debtor's business and entire, and, to maintain enterprise value, pay for critical creditors with court permission. (Article 70-)

Risk Mitigation

- <u>Debtor Misbehavior</u>: Any acts outside the ordinary course of business (e.g., disposal of its material assets) shall be invalid unless it is conducted with consents from all EVC holders. (Article 20)
- Other Creditors Race to Collect: EVC holders have power to deter other creditors from engaging in a wasteful race to collect when the debtor is in financial difficulty strate 19)



Vanessa Marquina Confecámaras

Secured Transactions Service in Colombia



The Role of Secured Transactions in Supporting MSME Finance in Colombia

OCDE June, 2025



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Secured Transactions in Colombia: Context and Key Insights



1971-2010

• 40,000 registrations were made under the traditional pledge framework (40,000 entries in the commercial registry of the Chambers of Commerce).

2012

- Prior to the implementation of the Secured Transactions Regime (STR), Colombia ranked 67th in the credit risk index of the Doing Business report. After the STR came into force, Colombia rose to 2nd place in the same index.
- The legal framework for secured transactions in Colombia is based on the UNCITRAL Legislative Guide on Secured Transactions.

2013

• Law No. 1676 of 2013 was enacted, establishing a new regime applicable to all types of security interests over movable assets.

2014

• Registry Launched: The collateral registry (Registro de Garantias Mobiliarias) became operational, as required by the Ministry of Commerce's Resolution 834 which grants the patent for creating and managing the registry to Confecamaras.

2015

- Banking Circular 032 from the Financial Superintendency established the parameters for valuation of movable goods (such as receivables, inventory and equipment) used by regulated financial institutions as collateral for loans
- Decree 1835 from the Ministry of Commerce regulated the enforcement mechanisms for movable collateral, enabling creditors to enforce registered loans via extrajudicial means, significantly reducing recovery time and costs.

2016

• Decree 466 from the Financial Regulation Unit of the Ministry of Finance officially recognized movable collateral as admissible guarantees, enabling banks to incorporate movables into their lending operations.

• 2024

Colombia's Secured Transactions Service has gained significant international recognition. The Journal of Corporate Finance highlighted the Colombian case, stating: "A single national registry of guarantees with easy access was created, allowing any potential creditor to quickly consult, via the Internet and in real time, the status of assets pledged as collateral by firms."



Secured Transactions in Colombia: Ten Years of Impact 2014–2024



Over 2.5 million credits in secured transactions using movables as collateral (excluding non-commercial vehicles). The participation of intangible assets, such as cash flows and deposits, in secured transactions has grown by 231% over the last five years.

Micro, small, and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) reported an average ticket size of USD 38,333.

Over 7,000 registered financiers or secured creditors.

Unified registration system: 1.2+ million queries on the secured transactions public database, supporting credit risk analysis.

Non-traditional movable assets used a collateral has grown by 98% between 2019 and 2024.

Direct payment and special enforcement proceedings are used to recover guarantees. Speedy Enforcement: Before the law averaged over 4 years. After the law was reduced to a few weeks, reducing moral hazard mitigation and default.

Direct payment is the primary default resolution method, applied in 92% of cases.

Types of movables used as collateral: Future Cashflows 34%, Equipment 18%, Economic Rights 15%, Agricultural Products 12%, Invoices 7%, Others. Types of Secured Creditors: Banks, Corporations, Finance Companies, Fintechs, Cooperatives, Funds, Natural Persons, Others

Secured transactions support credit for over 418,000 enterprises – 99% are MSMEs.





Jesús David Rincón Coral

Director of the Integrated Risk Management System, National Guarantee Fund of Colombia

Guarantees that Transform: Mobilizing Capital and Bridging Gaps for MSMEs in Colombia

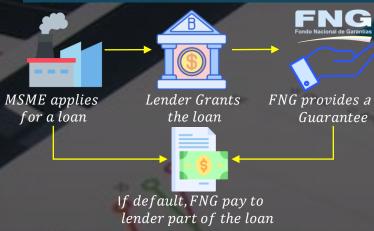
Fondo Nacional de Garantías

Guarantees that Transform: Mobilizing Capital and Bridging Gaps for MSMEs in Colombia

Guarantees that Transform: Bridging Gaps for MSMEs



How a FNG Guarantee Works



- Improving risk profiles
- Bridging gaps in the colombian credit market
- Countercyclical and structural policy tool
- Nations's fiscal risk mitigant

Products and Economic Sectors



- Commerce (Retail)
- Manufacturing Industry
- Construction

Main Sectors

- Agro-Industry
- Financial Institutions
- Popular Economy

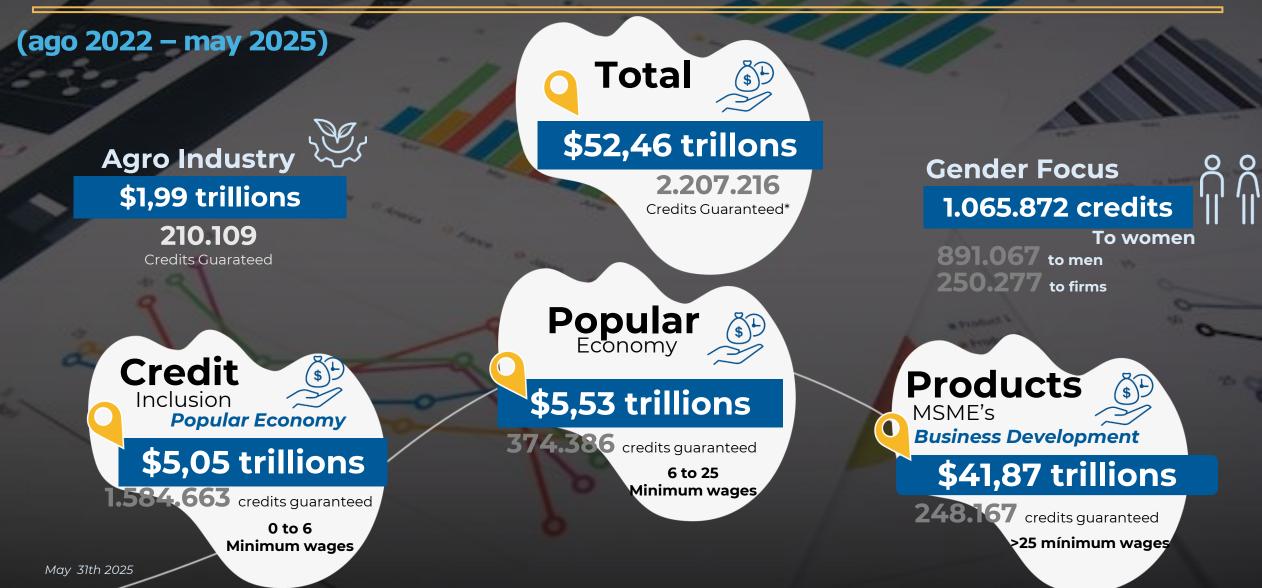
FNG's Presence

	Company of the local division of the local d
Financial Intermediaries	
Banks and others (FSC)	43
Cooperatives and others	134
Fintech and crowdfundings	41
Real Sector	22
Microfinancial Intitutions	34
Others	36
Total	310

FNG has presence in all around the country

Movilizing Credit Guarantees in Government Period









Gül Elçim Polat

Director Department of Technology, Innovation and Local Production KOSGEB Alper Akgül

SME Expert KOSGEB Technological Investment Support Program and Green Industry Support Program in Türkiye





Prepared Depending on; The 10th Development Plan (2014-2018), Government Program, Medium Term Program, Annual Program, Ministry Strategic Plan and KOSGEB Strategic Plan (2017-2021). The program aims to increase exports and provide added value to the national economy by supporting technological product investments of SMEs.

(Started in October 2017-Ended in 30th June 2025)

Project Expenses to be Supported	machinery and equipment, software, personnel
Support Upper Limit	10.000.000 TL
Support Rate	60% (%18 non-refundable, 42% refundable)
Support Type	refundable and non-refundable together
Project Duration	Minimum 8 months and maximum 36 months

Interim project monitoring: Once every 4 months during the project period (by an academician)

Post project monitoring: 1 year after project completion,

Once a year for a total of 3 years (by KOSGEB)

Examples of Commercialized Products: Sun

Energy Collector, Particle Shield, Battery Charger, Ozone Generator, Thermoplastic Starch Based Biodegradable Ecological Packaging Raw Materials

Project Development Objective	Indicators	Target (by the end of 2028)	Present Condition	
To ensure the production and commercialization of products; •resulting from R&D/ (P&D)/innovation activities •in the medium-high/high technology field that will contribute to the current account.	Number of SMEs Supported	400	363	
	Support Amount Provided (TL)	2.000.000.000	1.275.000.000	
	Number of Successfully Completed Projects	300	164	
	Number of Products Contributing to Current Account	200	55	
	Domestic Sales Amount of the Commercialized Product (TL)	8.000.000.000 (2019-2028)	3.069.188.111 (2019-2022)	
	Number of Products Exported	200	data being collected	
	Products' Export Amount (TL)	6.000.000.000 (2019-2028)	data being collected -	
	Average number of personnel per SME working in the field of production	5	7	
Impact	Export change rates			
	Import change rates			





Türkiye Green Industry Project financed by the World Bank and consists of three components. The Project covers the period from 2023 to 2029 Under the first component, KOSGEB has provided reimbursable support to SMEs for their green transformation activities. The KOSGEB component budget is USD 250 million.

	2023/01 Project Call for Proposals for Supporting Solar Energy Investments of	2023/02 Clean and Circular Economy Project Call for Proposals in Industry	Project Development Objectives (PDO)	Indicators	Target	Present Condition
Appropriate Project Subject	Industrial SMEs Establishment and operation of the Solar Energy System	Energy, Water or Raw material efficiency, Sustainable and climate resilient waste recycling,	Support an efficient green transformation for industrial firms.	PDO 2: Reduction in water consumption (%) PDO 3: Reduction in uncirculated	%10	NA
Duciest		Industrial symbiosis, Circular economy		waste (%) IR 1: Number of firms benefiting from initiatives	2,250	1,738
Project Expenses to be	Machinery, Equipment	Personnel, Machinery,		IR 1.1: Women-owned or led firms	450	105
Supported Expenses	Equipment, Software, Service Procurement Expenses		IR 1.2: Subcomponent 1.1 - Solar energy investments	1,000	896	
Support Upper	14.000.000 TL	4.000.000 TL	Support industrial SMEs to improve their energy and resource performance.	IR 1.3: Subcomponent 1.2 - Circular economy	1,250	842
Limit				IR 2: Private investments mobilized (\$)	211,000,000	NA
Support Rate Support Type	60% Reimbursable	70% Reimbursable		IR 3: Annual electricity generated (MWh/year)	350	NA
Project	Minimum 8 months and	Minimum 8 months and		IR 4: SMEs reached by awareness campaigns	9,500	9,861
Duration	ration maximum 12 months maximum 12 months		IR 5: Reduction of electricity consumption from fossil fuels (%)	9%	NA	



Khaled Bassiouny

Title: General Manager, Financial Inclusion Department, Central Bank of Egypt

Nilepreneur Initiative – Non-Financial Services for MSMEs

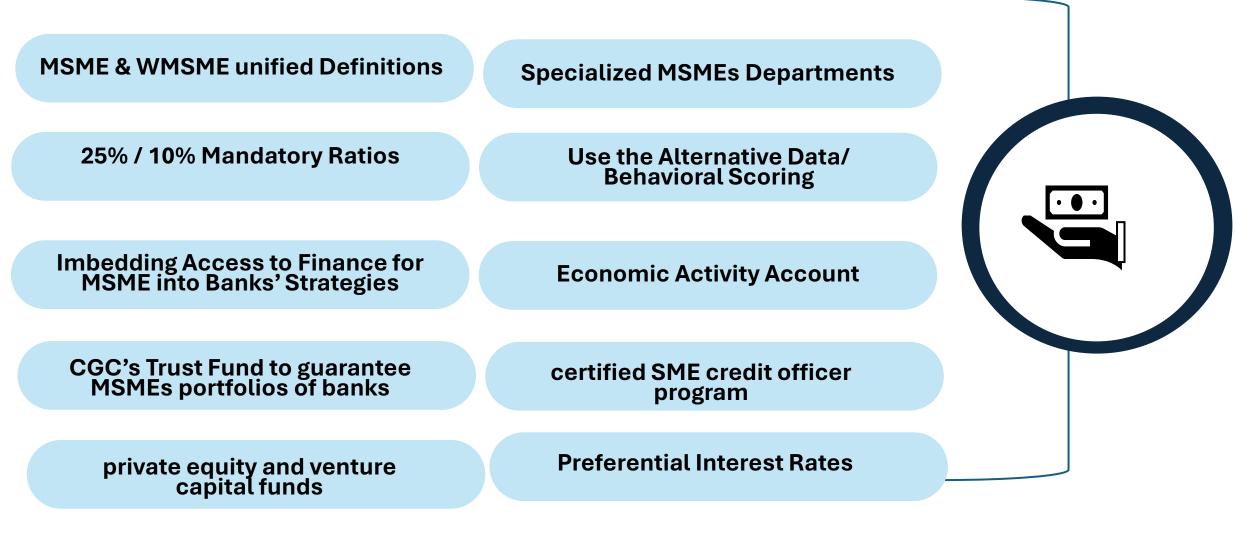




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CBE's Strategy towards MSMEs

CBE Initiatives/Actions To Support MSME / WMSME



Impact on Access to finance for MSMEs

381% Banks MSMEs lending portfolio growth Dec 2015 – Dec 2024

> Key Growth Indicators Dec. 2020 Vs. Dec. 2024



112% Growth in facilities directed to service sector



54% Growth in facilities directed to Industrial Sector

39% Growth in facilities directed to Agri-Sector

76% Growth in facilities directed to Alex. Region
69% Growth in facilities directed to Delta Region
69% Growth in facilities directed to Upper Egypt
Region
68% Growth in facilities directed to Cairo



67% Growth in facilities directed to MSME $\prod_{n=1}^{\infty}$

47% Growth in facilities directed to Medium – Enterprises

> 75% Growth in facilities directed to Small Enterprises



94% Growth in facilities directed to Micro Enterprises



NilePreneurs & Ecosystem Partners

- NilePreneurs launched in 2019 by the Central Bank of Egypt.
- Supports **startups & SMEs** in manufacturing, agriculture & digital transformation.
- Piloted at Nile University, now active in major universities
- Driven by public-private partnerships.
- Backed by MSMEDA, MoP, ILO, USAID, and others.



NilePreneurs in Numbers



Entrepreneurshi p & MSMEs Programs 370

Startups graduated from the incubation program +830

SMEs supported through digital transformation, product development & Knowledge transfer programs EGP 2.5 Bn

SMEs & startups Sales Increase +16K

Beneficiaries of capacity building programs

مصراک تطویر الأعمال Services

125

Business Development Services (BDS) Hubs in 25 governorates

+330K +800K

Beneficiaries of non-financial services Non-financial services offered

EGP 13Bn

Amount of finance facilitated through BDS hubs





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